ONEAGRIX TRADE INFRASTRUCTURE

EUDR Meets Faith-Based Trade

Executive Brief | The Dual Compliance Problem

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The EU Deforestation Regulation takes effect December 30, 2026. Three of its seven covered commodities, palm oil, soy, and cattle, are central to global Halal, Kosher, and Vegan trade. Exporters must now satisfy two independent compliance regimes simultaneously: EUDR traceability and certification recognition. Different data. Different authorities. Same shipment.

FIVE KEY FINDINGS

1 The EUDR creates a dual compliance layer.

Exporters of Halal, Kosher, and Vegan products containing covered commodities must satisfy both EUDR traceability (deforestation-free, geolocation, supply chain documentation) and certification recognition (issuing body, product category, destination jurisdiction). Failure in either layer blocks the trade.

2 Palm oil, soy, and cattle. Three commodities at the intersection.

Palm oil derivatives (glycerol CN 2905 45, palmitic acid CN 2915 70) are in thousands of halal-certified products. Soy is foundational to vegan proteins. Cattle products underpin halal and kosher meat trade. All three are EUDR-regulated.

3 Two traceability architectures must converge.

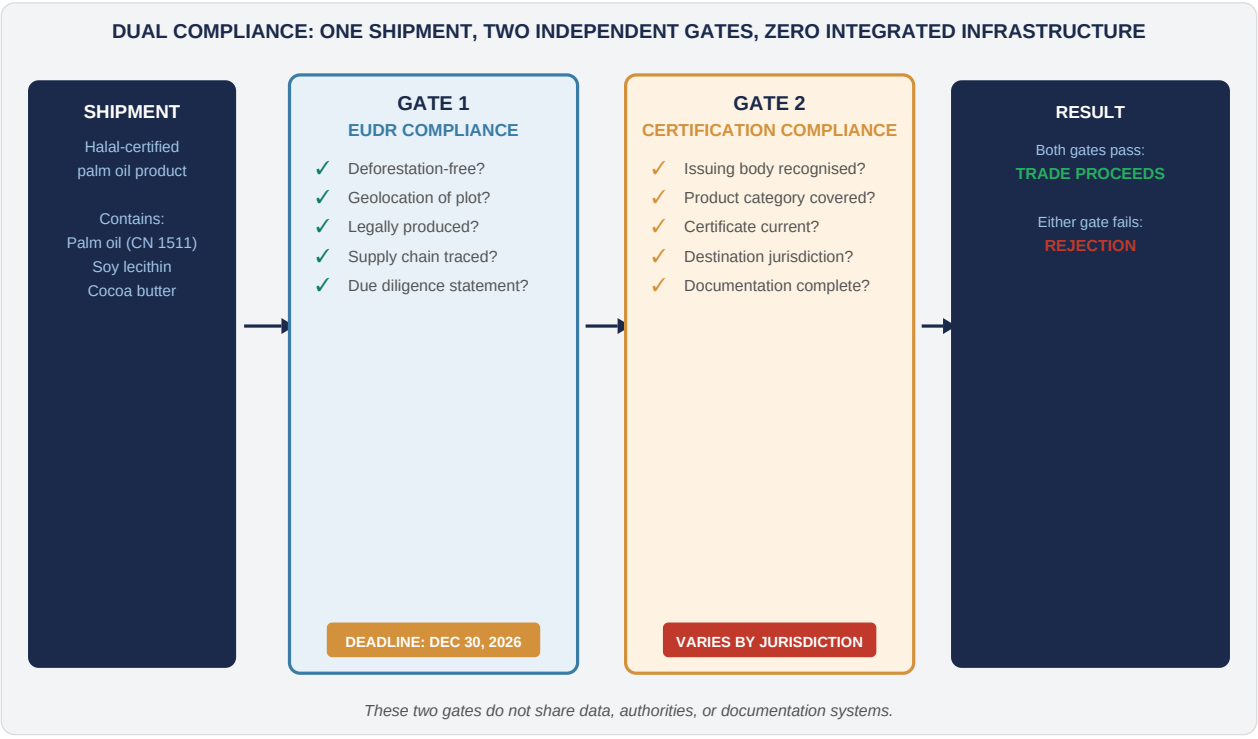
EUDR requires plot-level geolocation and deforestation-free verification. Certification compliance requires chain-of-custody proving certification integrity from production to destination. These are separate data systems that must produce a single, verified trade document.

4 The EU DPP registry launches July 2026.

Food is not in the first mandatory wave. But the European Commission explicitly identifies food as a value chain for future inclusion. Retailers are already applying equivalent data standards to food suppliers. Product-level serialisation is becoming a baseline.

5 No existing infrastructure connects both layers.

No system integrates EUDR traceability with cross-border certification verification and end-to-end trade facilitation including faith-based financing. The $3T+ Halal, Kosher, and Vegan economy faces this dual burden without integrated infrastructure.



These two gates do not share data, authorities, or documentation systems.

1 COMPLIANCE VERIFICATION

Certifications verified as compliant and recognised per destination jurisdiction. Continuous monitoring of recognition lists across 40+ markets.

2 TRACEABILITY

Product-level serialisation (QR/NFC). Anti-counterfeiting and digital authentication. Digital Product Passport. EUDR and sustainability compliance.

3 TRADE FACILITATION

End-to-end: matching to settlement. LC, escrow, Murabaha, Wakalah, Heter Iska, Takaful. TAI as bankable credential. 2-5% trade activation fee.